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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

COUNTRY Iraq

SUBJECT Railways and Highways

25X1A

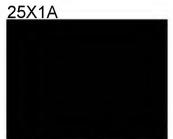
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SOURCE

hree stretches of roud by car; Baghdad -25X1X Babylon, Mosul - Shaqlawa, and Bagnond - Wadi Tharthar.

- The road from Baghdad to Babylon traverses level country and contains no grades of any consequence. It has an asphalt surface but no solid base and the surface of any to maintain or improve it. is badly broken. There was no evidence of any attempt to maintain or improve it. There are some concrete bridges, all of two-lane width, and adequate for heavy trucks. The road is only a bare two-lane width that will hardly accommodate two large trucks, but there are good shoulders.
- The trip south was made via the more direct route and the return via Hindiya Barrage. The round trip of about 125 miles required four hours.
- The trip to Wadi Tharthar was made on the road to Samarra that follows the Baghdad Mosul railway.

 The trip to Wadi Tharthar was made on the road to Samarra that follows the From Samarra, we traveled over open desert with no From Samarra, we traveled over open desert with no From Samarra that follows the I am still at a loss to know how the driver knew where he was.
- The road to Samarra is part of the Baghlad Mosul road being built by a British contractor. In late March 1953, only about 50 km north of Baghdad was finished. It traverses flat territory so has no grades and only a few gentle curves. The finished road has an asphalt surface and is a full two-lane width. The remainder of the road to Samarra is a hard packed track, usable all year. It will accommodate and is used by heavy trucks at all seasons. The trip to Wadi Tharthar and return was made the same day.
- The area about Wadi Tharthar is desert with a loose top soil covering broken, sharp edged rocks. Heavy vehicles under full load are apt to lose traction and the spinning wheels will scrape away the top soil, hit the underlying rocks and cut tires, often beyond repair. The best solution is a tire tread design with no wide spaces such as are used to get maximum road traction. A design that approaches a smooth tire pattern will tend to ride over the loose soil.
- There are no service stations between Baghdad and Samarra.

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- 8. The road from Mosul to Erbil is of narrow two-lane width with a rough asphalt surface. It crosses a gently rolling agricultural area cid has no serious grades or bad curves. Bridges are low and cross wadies that are usually dry. They are only wide enough for two small vehicles and will not permit two large trucks to pass, but they are short and cause no serious bottlenecks. It will accommodate heavy transport at all seasons.
- 9. From Erbil to Shaqlawa, the road is of narrow two lane width, part of it with poor asphalt surface and the balance water bound clay and gravel. It traverses a mountainous area and has long, steep grades and sharp curves that require a truck in good condition and well handled to cover it.
- 10. There are no service stations between Mosul and Shaqlawa.

11. Information about other roads is taken from a report

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Motor Roads in Iraq

Before the first World War, Traq possessed only one important motor road; that between Baghdad and Aleppo running parallel with the River Euphrates up to Jarablus in Syrian territory. During the British occupation, however, many roads were constructed in all parts of the country for military purposes which were later developed by the Iraq Government, so that Iraq has now a total of 7,255 km of roads.

Baghdad Area

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- 13. "Baghdad, the capital of Iraq, built on the eastern and western banks of the River Tigris and situated in the central area of the country, is the nerve center of railway and road transport. The main lines are Baghdad-Ramadi-Rutba Road to the west up to the Syrian Frontier 315 kms.
- 14. "All asphalted and plain descrit route. This route was first started by Nairn brothers in 1923 and is used for passenger and goods transport between this country, Damasous, and Boyrouth.

Baghdad-Mosul-Tel-Ketchek - 497 kms

15. "The Iraq State Railways link with the Taurus Express and run almost parallel to an unasphalted road passing through Samarra, an important pilgrimage route.

Baghdad-Baquba-Kirkuk - 239 kms

"There is a railroad and a motor / The railroad is mostly used for the transportation of mercantile goods to Kirkuk and from thence by motor vehicles for distribution of goods and material belonging to the Iraq Petroleum Company as well as some of the tobacco from the northern area carried by the railways. The motor road is bad and only a small portion of it asphalted. However, it takes its fair share in the transportation of tobacco and mercantile goods. This route is in the Development Board program for early construction.

Baghdad-Khanaqin - 130 kms

17. "The railway here runs very close to the Persian frontier in the east. All the refined oil and the crude oil of the Khanaqin Oil Company an affiliated company of the Iraq Petroleum Company, and goods in transit to Iran are transported by rail. The motor road which runs almost parallel to the railway line takes its own share of the transportation.

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Baghdad-Karbala-Najaf - 216 kms

18. "The first part of this road up to Karbala is asphalted and the rest is plain road. The second part from Karbala to Najaf is very sandy. These two towns of Karbala and Najaf are holy cities for the Shia sect of the Moslems. Tens of thousands of pilgrims from all parts of Iraq, India, and Afghanistan flow in during the pilgrimage seasons. During these seasons 80 per cent of the buses in Baghdad switch over to this route; but still cannot cope with the congested situation, and therefore, hundreds of trucks are recruited for the purpose.

Baghdad-Kut-Amara Road - 377 kms

19. "No railway connections. There is a motor road which is not in good condition; but it is the only means of road conveyance for goods and passengers from both ends. The river traffic is slow and its use confined to the winter months when the river level is high and navigable.

Baghdad-Basra Road - 478 kms

20. "The Iraqi State Railways link the Iraqi Port Basra in the south with the Taurus Express in the North. The total network to Tel-Kotchek is 978 kms. Along the entire line of this route lies a fertile wheat and barley growing belt. Here also, along the railway line there is an unasphalted motor read, in good condition. This road is used considerably during the fruit and vegetable seasons.

Moaul Area

- 21. "The major part of the main roads in the north are asphalted, partly for military reasons to ease troop movements by making the mountains accessible to motor traffic in the event of a Kurdish revolt, and partly to facilitate the transportation of agricultural and pastoral products. This does not, however, apply to all roads, as several hundreds of kilometres are very bad indeed and become literally unpassable during severe winter conditions.
- 22. "The main roads emanating from this Liva are:

Mosul-Erbil-Kirkuk - 183 kms

23. "Is asphalted all through. The first [87 kms] pass through small hills, but the next 96 kms pass through a level area.

Most 1-Baiji-Samarra-Baghdad - 408 kms

24. "The first portion up to a distance of 114 kms passed Shargat is asphalted. The remaining part of about 294 kms through Samarra to Baghdad is unpaved and sandy.

Mosul-Amadiya - 159 kms

25. "Is an asphalted but mountainous road.

Mosul-Zakho - 114 kms

- 26. "Is also asphalted but mountainous.
- 27. "There are several divisions of truck roads over 600 kms long leading to agricultural and fruit growing districts such as Makhmurg. 99kms, Shokhan, 76 kms, Agra, 85 kms, and Tall-Afar, 117 kms.

 Kirkuk Area
- 28. Besides its very extensive oil fields, Kirkuk is a potential agricultural area and an important link with the famous tobacco growing fields of Sulsimanya Liwa. Kirkuk has a railway connection with Esghdad which is also linked

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with Erbil now, and the main motor routes are:

Kirkuk - Sulaimaniya - 115 kms asphalted but mourtainous

- 96 kms asphalted

Kirkuk - Baghdad - 239 kms - See under Baghdad Kirkuk - Koy-Sanjak - 168 kms - A tobacco growing area, very rough track road

Sulaimaniya Area

"This Liwa supplied 95 per cent of the tobacco consumed in the country and is also 29. an important agricultural area.

"Its main roads to the surrounding villages mostly to the tobacco growing areas 30. is as follows:

Sulaimaniyan - Kirkuk - 115 kms

"Asphalted, mountainous, and bumpy at places. 31.

Sulaimaniyah - Mirza Rustam - Bunkard - 104 kms

"Asphalted and mountainous. 32.

Sulaimaniyah - Sayid Sadek - Penjwin - 145 kms

"All asphalted except the first portion of 24 kms. 33.

Sulsimaniyah - Kharmal - 85 kms

"Only a portion of 20 kms asphalted. 34.

Sulaimaniyah - Sayid Sadek - Halabja - 75 kms

"Only the first portion of 24 kms not asphalted. 35.

Sulaimaniyah - Qara Dagh - 48 kms

"Rough, stony track road. -36.

Dulaim Liwa [Ramadi]

- "Ramadi is on the Baghdad-Rutbah-Damascus motor road, situated on the River Ruphrates. It is a pastoral and agricultural area of considerable value. Ramadi has assured a considerable importance firstly because of this motor road, secondly 37. because of its proximity to the RAF Station, Habbaniyah, and, thirdly, because of the Habbaniyah Flood Relief escape.
- "The only other motor road in this Liva besides the Rutbah-Damseus Road, is very rough stony road leading to Hit, Faditha, Ana. and from thence to Hassiba 307 kms 38. near the Syrian frontier at Abu Kamal.

Hilla Arca

- "This Liwa is on the River Euphrates and is an important agricultural, pastoral, fruit and vegetable growing area only 10 kms from the ruins of Babylon and 23 kms from Kish of the Chaldeans, both of great historical and archaelogical value. 39.
- It is on the Baghdad-Basra railway and motor road, 112 kms away from Baghdad south-40. wards. Its other important roads are:

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Hilla Karbala

"Karbala is a holy city of the Shia Sect of the Moslems. This 56 kms road is unasphalted, stony, and unpaved.

Hilla-Kifl-Kufa-Najaf

42. "The last terminus is another very important pilgrimage center. 86 kms from Hills. This road is unasplialted and unpaved.

Hilla-Hashimiya-Divaniya - 89 kms

Sunsahalted and level road, certain portions subject to quick deterioration during the winter months.

Amera Area

"Amara is a grain and rice greeing center. It is only 194 kms from Basra. There is no railway connection with any adjoining district. Its motor roads to Basra and Baghdad are unpaved and certain portions very rough.

Masiriya: Area

"Masiriyan is situated 240 kms to the north of Basra. There is a railway connection and a motor road which is not paved, but in good condition.

HOADS IN TRAQ. llomoters

Liva	Asphalted	Non-asphalted	Track
Mosul Erbil	625,250 286.500	68,750	797,450
Kirkuk	119,450	121,000	417,500 120,300
Sulameneniya Baghdad	154,600 100,420	125,000	103,500 191,420
Diyala Kut	142,620	77,000	310,500 640,520
Dulaim Hilla	598,410 77,870		413,300 187,180
Diwaniya Kerbala	41,740		419,550 116,880
Basra Muntafik	40,950		99,500
Amerah		-	490,270 338,445
Possed in land on	2,217,810	391,750	4646,355

Recapitulation: Total -73 255,875
Asphalted - 305

Non-asphalted -Track

"Plans for Development: A proposal has been put forward by the Public Works Department for the asphalting for an additional 2,000 kms during the next five years with a loan of 15,800,000 Dinars from the Development Boards."

END-

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